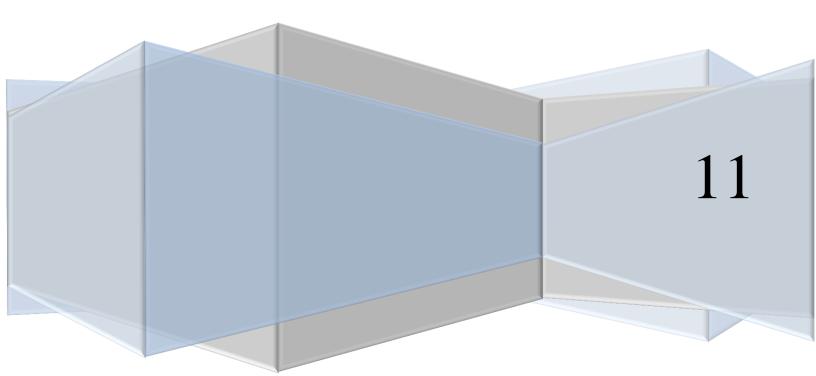
Appalachian Trail Sourcebook

A Guide to creating A.T. Hikes John E. Crowder III



Procedure to use Appalachian Trail Hike Assistance Tools.

The 2 files included in this set are:

- 1) An Excel spreadsheet containing an expanded set of A.T. shelter locations (along with partial road crossings) in the file AT_Shelters.xlsx. This file also contains links to shelter Info (the 'Info' link), parking locations, map references to the Potomac Appalachian Trail Club A.T. Maps 8-12 and the A.T. Conservancy maps 1-5. This file is called 'AT_Shelters.xslx'.
- 2) The 2nd file is a pared down full A.T. elevation profile containing only pages 8-14 (the main VA Pages). This file has been converted to a Word document and bookmarks have been added to facilitate linking from the Excel document. This file is called: "5125936-Appalachian-Trail-Elevation-Profiles.doc".

For the system to work, both files should be located in the same directory. The name of the elevation profile document can't change or the links will no longer work.

The main file is the Excel spreadsheet. This contains all the Virginia shelters along with some roads and towns near the A.T. (See Fig. 1) You can use this to determine what shelter you want to hike From-To. To do this

- 1) Determine your hike distance. Remember that hikes over 10 miles in one day qualify for the Hiking MB.
- 2) Determine the difficulty of your hike. More uphill (especially steep uphill will be more challenging. Also, remember that water is important (especially on uphill sections). Hikes with 1500 foot altitude gained over 5 miles are much easier than steeper or longer uphill. We have had hikes with as much as 4000 ft. gained and lost over a 13 mile trek. Remember downhill is hard on the knees but uphill is hard on the lungs and endurance. Having a flat section after altitude gained or lost will help people recover and hike longer. Remember your day length, summer hikes can be longer (longer daylight), but you don't want to be making a hike in the dark if you can help it. Winter hikes require warmer clothes but less water.
- 3) Where will you stay the 1st night? (Do you need to hike in at night? How far and how hard?)
- 4) Where will you park? (You need at least 1 car at the destination unless you are doing a circuit hike.)
- 5) Where will you stay the 2nd night? (This will be your longest day usually 10-15 miles).
- 6) Where will you get water during the trip? (Is it a stream that could dry up, Do you have an alternate source if you need it, etc.)
- 7) How hard is the final hike out?
- 8) What are your bail out points? (Where to go for Evac if needed)

Example Hike Preparation:

In this example, we want to have a relatively easy hike, but one that is > 10 miles in a day. We don't want too much alt. gain, but not a lot of loss either with easy parking and the ability to have an easier hike for 1st time base campers.

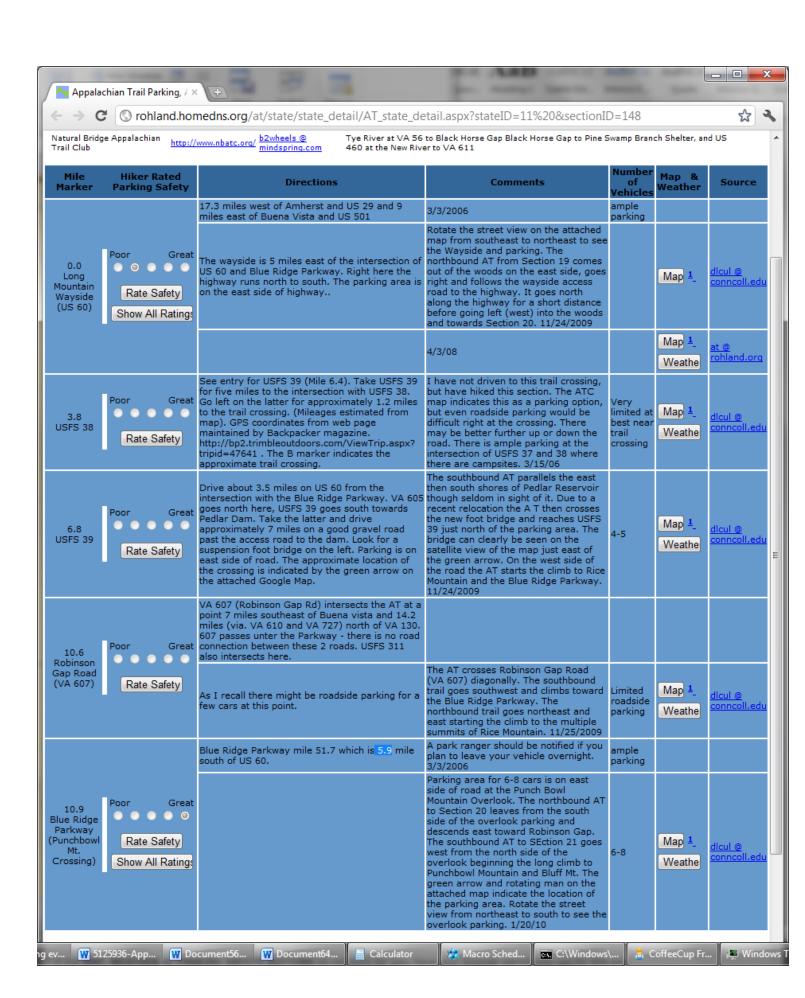
For this example we will camp at Punchbowl Shelter the 1st night. Hike back to the cars Saturday and drive to where VA 60 crosses the AT. This is 10.9 miles along BRP and then 5 miles on VA 60 (taken from the parking directions screen see below.) We will then hike back to Punchbowl shelter. This will require about a 30 minute ride, but will give the boys about a 13 mile hike on Saturday (with at least 4 places to get water) and about .75 mile Friday night and Sunday morning hike for a total of 14.5 miles. See the hike several pages down.

List of resources in this kit to assist in planning a Hike:

These are all located in the Expandable folder.

- 1) AT Sourcebook.
 - o This contains the software (Excel Spreadsheet, Word document) to plan the hike,
 - o Printouts of the Virginia Elevations Profiles,
 - o Explanation of how to use the software and an example hike.
 - o The Excel Spreadsheet.
 - o Example Hikes done in the past
 - o List of contents of the expandable folder.
- 2. A.T. Data Book 2011 by the A.T. Conservancy
 - o Good info on Campsites, Shelters, Water sources, etc. Pocket size.
- 3. Circuit Hikes in Shenandoah Nation Park (2009 Potomac A.T. Club)
- 4. Falcone Guide "Hiking the Blue Ridge Parkway by Randy Johnson (2010 Copyright)
- 5. Appalachian Trail Guide to Shenandoah Nation Park (2009) Potomac A.T. Club.
 - o Good Trail descriptions and distances in Shenandoah National Park.
- 6. Appalachian Trail Guide to Central Virginia (2010 A.T. Conservancy)
 - o Good Trail Descriptions, Maps, Elev profiles for Central. Pocket size.
- 7. A.T. maps (White) 8-13 by Potomac Appalachian Trail Club (6 Maps).
 - o Topo maps, Elevation profiles, Parking, water sources, Shelters, etc.
- 8. Exploring the Appalachian Trail Hikes in the Virginias by David Lillard and Gwyn Hicks.
 - o Complete hikes with Maps, trails descriptions, Elevation profiles, etc.
- 9. A.T. maps (Blue) 1-5 by Appalachian Trail Conservancy (5 Maps).
 - o Topo maps, Elevation profiles, Parking, water sources, Shelters, etc.
- 10. 2 DVD copies of the Software created for the Sourcebook (the files are < 4MB in size.)







Calculator

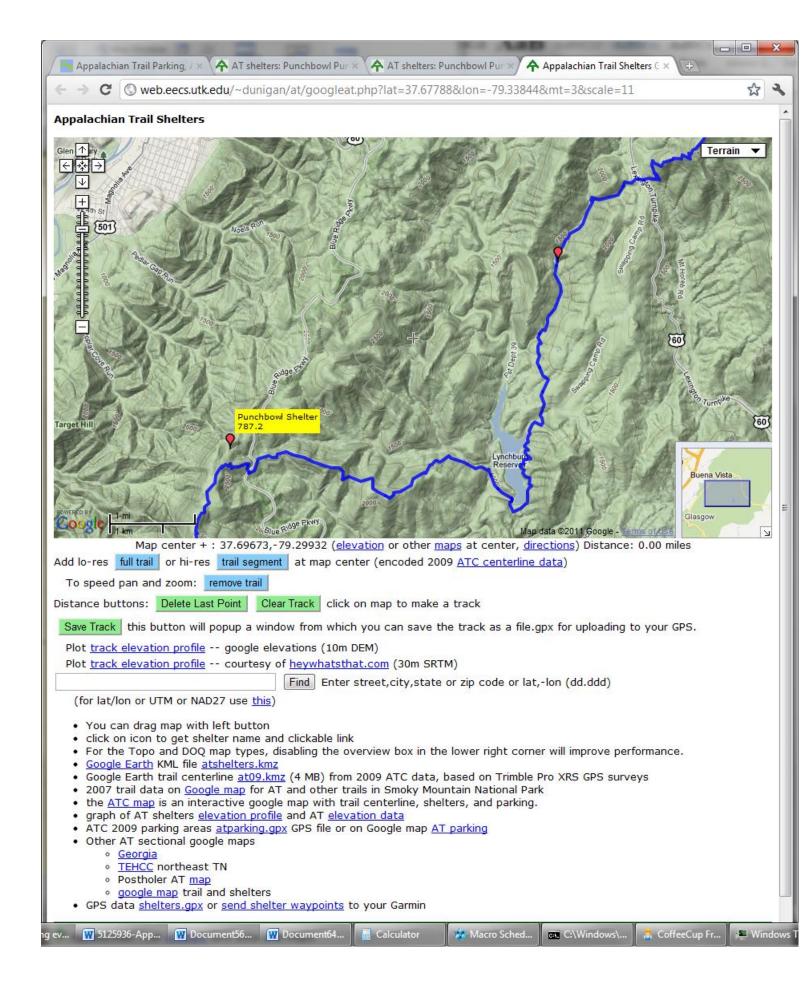
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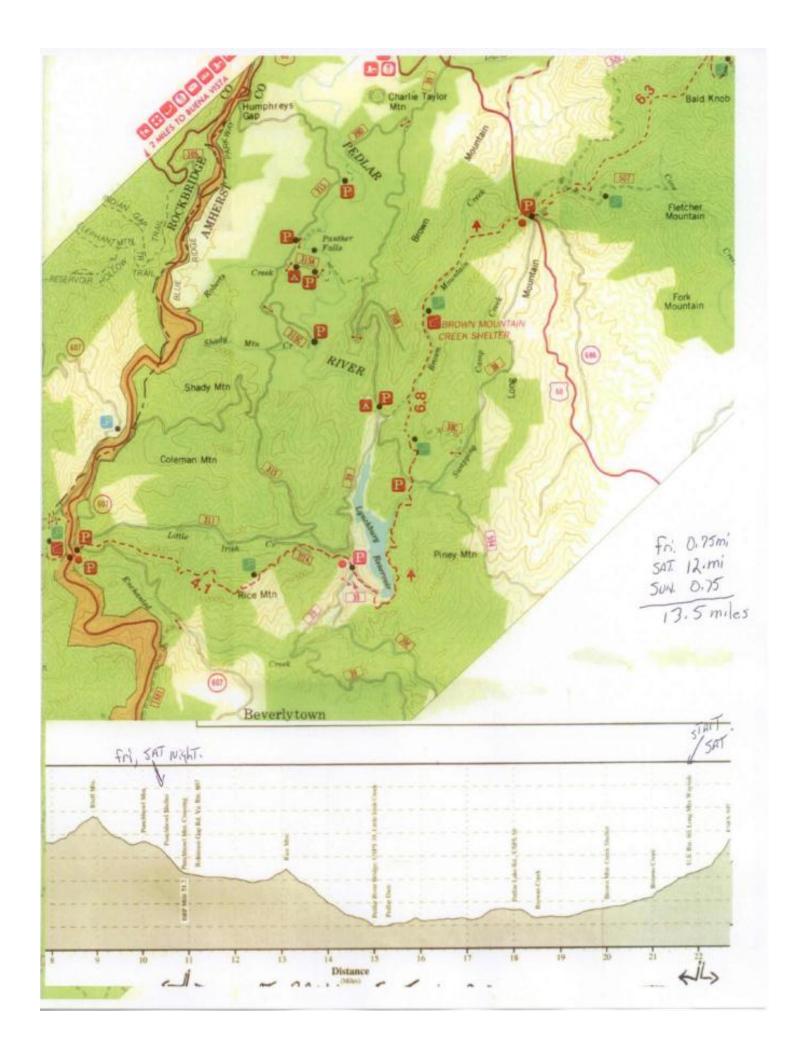
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Useful Web Sites for Planning an A.T. Hike:

Hiking Upwards:

Has Topo maps, Trail Descriptions etc. Useful site. http://www.hikingupward.com/maps/cenva_map.shtml

AT Shelter information:

Maps, Topo, GPS info etc. (This is what is in the Info link for each Shelter) http://web.eecs.utk.edu/~dunigan/at/

Backpacker.com A.T. Database

This is where the original spreadsheet came from. http://www.thebackpacker.com/trails/at.php

Parking on the A.T.:

Lists of Parking locations and how to find them, number of cars handled, Pictures of the trails, etc. This is what is in the parking Column of the spreadsheet. Ex. Sect_21, Sect_17. http://rohland.homedns.org/at/at_menu.aspx

A.T. Elevation Profiles:

This is the link original resource for the document that supplies elevation diagrams in the elevation Profile column of the spreadsheet.

http://parkaymaps.110mb.com/